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Coordinates: 43.008535°N 73.639598°W

Boot Monument

The **Boot Monument** is an American Revolutionary War memorial located in <u>Saratoga National Historical Park</u>, <u>New York</u>. It commemorates Major General <u>Benedict Arnold's</u> service at the <u>Battles of Saratoga</u> in the <u>Continental Army</u>, but does not name him.

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Background

John Watts de Peyster, a former Major General for the New York State Militia during the American Civil War and writer of several military histories about the Battle of Saratoga, erected the monument to commemorate Arnold's contribution to the Continental Army's victory over the British. Arnold was wounded in the foot during the Battle of Quebec, and suffered further injury in the Battle of Ridgefield when his horse was shot out from under him. His last battle injury was at Saratoga, and it occurred near where this



Monument to Benedict Arnold's injured foot at Saratoga National Historical Park

monument is located at $Tour\ Stop\ \#7-Breymann\ Redoubt$. The leg wound effectively ended his career as a fighting soldier. It reads:

Erected 1887 By

JOHN WATTS de PEYSTER

Brev: Maj: Gen: S.N.Y.

2nd V. Pres't Saratoga Mon't Ass't'n:
In memory of
the "most brilliant soldier" of the
Continental Army
who was desperately wounded
on this spot the sally port of
BURGOYNES GREAT WESTERN REDOUBT

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7th October, 1777
winning for his countrymen
the decisive battle of the
American Revolution
and for himself the rank of
Major General.

Arnold's perceived offenses

Arnold suffered what he considered a series of slights and insults by the Continental Congress in the months and years following Saratoga, as the Revolutionary War continued. He also opposed treaties that brought French military assistance to the Americans. The wounded Arnold began negotiations with British agents that culminated in his changing sides in September 1780. As part of these negotiations, Arnold attempted unsuccessfully to hand his American command, the key fortification of West Point, over to the British; this attempt failed, however, because of the capture of Major John André. Following the overall failure of the treasonous operation, Arnold escaped to the British lines. As a reward for turning his coat, Arnold was paid £6,000 and commissioned as a brigadier general in the King's troops. For the rest of the war, he headed raiding parties that probed Continental Congress-controlled territories and tried to do damage.

Based on one of these raids, an apocryphal story that has circulated in various versions states:

When Benedict Arnold was leading the forces of the King against his former compatriots in Virginia, among his prisoners was a certain plucky and witty officer, who, in answer to Arnold's question, "What will the Americans do with me if they catch me?" replied, "They will cut off the leg which was wounded when you were fighting so gloriously for the cause of liberty, and bury it with the honors of war, and hang the rest of your body on a gibbet."^[1]

Benedict Arnold is not mentioned by name on the Boot Monument; the monument thus serves as a form of <u>damnatio</u> memoriae.

References

1. The Maine Book by Henry Ernest Dunnack (1920) page 52

Sources

- Randall, Willard Sterne. Benedict Arnold: Patriot and Traitor. Dorset Press, New York, 1990.
- Sneiderman, Barney. Warriors Seven: Seven American Commanders, Seven Battles, and the Irony of Command. Savas Beatie, New York, 2006.

External links

 National Park Service page on the monument (https://web.archive.org/web/20060616041951/http://www.nps.gov/s ara/tour-7.htm)

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